# **APPENDIX F.** Disaster Supplies Kit



There are six basics that you should stock for your home: water, food, first aid kit, clothing and bedding, tools and emergency supplies, and special items. Keep the items that you would most likely need during an evacuation in an easy-to-carry container—suggested items are marked with an asterisk(\*) in the list below. Possible containers include a large, covered trash container; a camping backpack; or duffelbag.

# WATER

Store water in plastic containers, such as soft drink bottles. Avoid using containers that will decompose or break, such as milk cartons or glass bottles. A normally active person needs to drink at least 2 quarts of water each day. Hot environments and intense physical activity can double that amount. Children, nursing mothers, and ill people will need more.

- > Store 1 gallon of water per person per day. (2 quarts for drinking, 2 quarts for each person in your household for food preparation/sanitation).\*
- > Keep at least a 3-day supply of water per person.

# **FOOD\***

Store at least a 3-day supply of nonperishable food. Select foods that require no refrigeration, preparation, or cooking and little or no water. If you must heat food, pack a can of sterno. Select food items that are compact and lightweight. Include a selection of the following foods in your disaster supplies kit:

- > Ready-to-eat canned meats, fruits, and vegetables
- > Canned juices
- > Staples (salt, sugar, pepper, spices, etc.)
- > High energy foods
- > Vitamins
- > Food for infants and elderly
- > Comfort/stress foods

## FIRST AID KIT\*

Assemble a first aid kit for your home and one for each car.

- > Twenty adhesive bandages, various sizes
- > One 5" x 9" sterile dressing
- > One conforming roller gauze bandage

- > Two triangular bandages
- > Two 3" x 3" sterile gauze pads
- > Two 4" x 4" sterile gauze pads
- > One roll 3" cohesive bandage
- Two germicidal hand wipes or waterless alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- > Six antiseptic wipes
- > Two pairs of large medical grade nonlatex gloves
- > Adhesive tape, 2" width
- > Antibacterial ointment
- > Cold pack
- > Scissors (small, personal)
- > Tweezers
- Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) breathing barrier, such as a face shield

#### NONPRESCRIPTION DRUGS

- > Aspirin or nonaspirin pain reliever
- > Antidiarrhea medication
- > Antacid (for stomach upset)
- > Syrup of Ipecac (use to induce vomiting, if advised by the Poison Control Center)
- Laxative
- Activated charcoal (use if advised by the Poison Control Center)

#### **CLOTHING AND BEDDING**

Include at least one complete change of clothing and footwear per person.\*

- > Sturdy shoes or work boots\*
- > Rain gear\*
- > Blankets or sleeping bags\*
- > Hat and gloves
- > Thermal underwear
- > Sunglasses



# **TOOLS AND EMERGENCY SUPPLIES**

- Mess kits, or paper cups and plates, and plastic utensils\*
- > Emergency preparedness manual\*
- > Battery-operated radio and extra batteries\*
- > Flashlight and extra batteries\*
- > Cash or traveler's checks and change\*
- > Nonelectric can opener and utility knife\*
- Fire extinguisher: small canister ABC type
- > Tube tent
- > Pliers
- Tape
- Compass
- > Matches in a waterproof container
- > Aluminum foil
- > Plastic storage containers
- > Signal flare
- > Paper and pencil
- > Needles and thread
- > Medicine dropper
- Shutoff wrench (to turn off household gas and water)
- > Whistle
- > Plastic sheeting
- > Map of the area (for locating shelters)

#### **SANITATION**

- > Toilet paper and towelettes\*
- > Soap and liquid detergent\*
- > Feminine supplies\*
- > Personal hygiene items\*
- Plastic garbage bags and ties (for personal sanitation uses)

- > Plastic bucket with tight lid
- > Disinfectant
- > Household chlorine bleach (may also be used for purifying drinking water—see http://www.redcross.org for instructions)

### SPECIAL ITEMS

Remember family members with special requirements, such as infants and elderly or disabled persons.

### **FOR BABY\***

- > Formula
- Diapers
- > Bottles
- > Powdered milk
- Medications

#### FOR ADULTS\*

- Heart and high blood pressure medication
- > Insulin
- > Prescription drugs
- > Denture needs
- > Contact lenses and supplies
- > Extra eye glasses

#### **ENTERTAINMENT**

> Games, playing cards, and books

## **IMPORTANT FAMILY DOCUMENTS**

Keep these records in a waterproof, portable container:

- Will, insurance policies, contracts deeds, stocks and bonds
- > Passports, social security cards, immunization records

- > Bank account numbers
- Credit card account numbers and companies
- Inventory of valuable household goods and important telephone numbers
- > Family records (birth, marriage, and death certificates)

#### **STORAGE**

- Store your kit in a convenient place known to all family members. Keep a smaller version of the supplies kit in the trunk of your car.
- > Keep items in airtight plastic bags. Change your stored water supply every 6 months so it stays fresh. Also, replace your stored food every 6 months. Rethink your kit and family needs at least once a year. Replace batteries, update clothes, etc.
- Ask your physician or pharmacist about storing prescription medications.

Based on the "Your Family Disaster Supplies Kit" developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (http://www.fema.gov) and the American Red Cross (http://www.redcross.org). Additional supply checklists can also be found at http://www.ready.gov.

#### REFERENCE

Federal Emergency Management Agency, & American Red Cross. (2004). Your family disaster supplies kit. http://www.fema.gov/pdf/library/fdsk.pdf.